

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Shell Morlina S2 BL 22**

Print Date 07/15/2017

Revision Date 07/14/2017

Version 1.0

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Shell Morlina S2 BL 22  
Product code : 001D7738

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Machine oil.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : **Shell Markets (Middle East) Limited**  
8th floor, Dubai Convention Tower  
Za'abeel  
307 Dubai  
United Arab Emirates  
Telephone : (+971) 43035333  
Telefax : (+971) 43321591  
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

: (+971) 43035333

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3 : H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)

Dangerous for the environment : R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms : No Hazard Symbol required

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Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	<p>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.</p> <p>HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria.</p> <p>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	:	<p><b>Prevention:</b> P273 Avoid release to the environment.</p> <p><b>Response:</b> No precautionary phrases.</p> <p><b>Storage:</b> No precautionary phrases.</p> <p><b>Disposal:</b> P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.</p>

**2.3 Other hazards**

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.2 Mixtures**

Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.
	:	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9.

**Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration [%]
Butylated hydroxytoluene	128-37-0 204-881-4	Aquatic Chronic1; H410 Aquatic Acute1; H400	0,1 - 0,24

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Phenol, isopropylated, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate >5%]	68937-41-7 273-066-3	Repr.2; H361 STOT RE2; H373 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	0,1 - 2,4
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
- Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
- If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

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- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water in a jet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards during firefighting : Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective equipment for firefighters : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal precautions : Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

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## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.,  
For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.  
Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.  
When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.  
Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.

Product Transfer : This material has the potential to be a static accumulator.  
Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Other data : Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.

Store at ambient temperature.

Packaging material : **Suitable material:** For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.  
**Unsuitable material:** PVC.

Container Advice : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Not applicable

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Mist)	0,2 mg/m3	ARE OEL
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Measured as inhalable fraction of the aerosol.)	5 mg/m3	ARE OEL
Further information	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen			
Oil mist, mineral		TWA ((inhalable fraction))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

**Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods <http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances <http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany <http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Engineering measures** The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

**General Information:**

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

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Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.  
Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.  
Practice good housekeeping.

## Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.

Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.  
It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory protection : No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.  
In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.  
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker

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health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

## Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Liquid at room temperature.

Colour : light brown

Odour : Slight hydrocarbon

Odour Threshold : Data not available

pH : Not applicable

pour point : -30 °C Method: ISO 3016

Initial boiling point and boiling range : > 280 °C estimated value(s)

Flash point : 179 °C  
Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Data not available

Upper explosion limit : Typical 10 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : Typical 1 %(V)

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Vapour pressure : < 0,5 Pa (20 °C)  
estimated value(s)  
Relative vapour density : > 1 estimated value(s)  
Relative density : 0,870 (15 °C)  
Density : 870 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (15,0 °C)  
Method: ISO 12185

## Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : negligible  
Solubility in other solvents : Data not available  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)  
Auto-ignition temperature : > 320 °C

## Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available  
Viscosity, kinematic : 22 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (40,0 °C)  
Method: ASTM D445  
4,2 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (100 °C)  
Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Not classified  
Oxidizing properties : Data not available

## 9.2 Other information

Conductivity : This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.  
Decomposition temperature : Data not available

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

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Stable.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

### Acute toxicity

#### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 rat: > 5.000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rabbit: > 5.000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

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Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation****Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

**Germ cell mutagenicity****Product:**

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

**Carcinogenicity****Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.
Phenol, isopropylated, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate >5%]	No carcinogenicity classification.

**Reproductive toxicity****Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

**STOT - single exposure****Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

**STOT - repeated exposure****Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

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## Aspiration toxicity

### Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

## Further information

### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment : Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.  
Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.  
Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).

### Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Expected to be harmful:  
LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Expected to be harmful:  
LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Expected to be harmful:  
LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

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Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity) :  
Remarks: Data not available

## Components:

### **Butylated hydroxytoluene :**

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

## **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

### Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.

no data available

## **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

### Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)

## **12.4 Mobility in soil**

### Product:

Mobility : Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.  
Remarks: Floats on water.

## **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

no data available

## **12.6 Other adverse effects**

### Product:

Additional ecological information : Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.  
Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.  
Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses  Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

### 14.2 Proper shipping name

ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

### 14.3 Transport hazard class

ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

### 14.4 Packing group

ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

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## 14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category : Not applicable  
Ship type : Not applicable  
Product name : Not applicable  
Special precautions : Not applicable

**Additional Information** : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

EINECS : All components listed or polymer exempt.  
TSCA : All components listed.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-Statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity  
Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity  
Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard  
Repr. Reproductive toxicity  
STOT RE Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

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AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances  
ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials  
BEL = Biological exposure limits  
BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes  
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service  
CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council  
CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling  
COC = Cleveland Open-Cup  
DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List  
EC = European Commission  
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty  
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals  
ECHA = European Chemicals Agency  
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty  
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory  
EWC = European Waste Code  
GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty  
IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory  
IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables  
KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory  
LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty  
LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.  
LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading  
LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships  
NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level  
OE\_HP V = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals  
RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
SKIN\_DES = Skin Designation  
STEL = Short term exposure limit  
TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment

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TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act  
TWA = Time-Weighted Average  
vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

## Further information

- Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
- Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
- Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID data base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.