| 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SU<br>Material Name<br>Uses | : | TANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING<br>Shell Rimula R4 X 15W-40<br>Engine oil.                                      |
|--|---|---|
| Product Code   | : | 001E7746  |
| Manufacturer/Supplier                                | : | Shell Eastern Petroleum (Pte) Ltd<br>(196000089G)<br>Shell House<br>83 Clemenceau Avenue<br>Singapore 239920<br>Singapore |
| Telephone<br>Fax                                     | : | (+65) 62632975<br>(+65) 62632049  |
| Emergency Telephone<br>Number                        | : | +65 6263 2975   |

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture Description : Highly refined mineral oils and additives.

| Hazardous Components                              |            |           |           |             |          |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| Chemical<br>Identity                              | CAS        | EINECS    | Symbol(s) | R-phrase(s) | Conc.    |
| Polyolefin<br>polyamine<br>succinimide,<br>polyol |            |           |           | R53         | < 5.00 % |
| Calcium long<br>chain alkaryl<br>sulphonate       |            |           |           | R53         | < 3.00 % |
| Zinc alkyl<br>dithiophosphate                     | 68649-42-3 | 272-028-3 | Xi, N     | R41; R51/53 | < 2.40 % |
| Calcium long<br>chain alkaryl<br>sulphonate       |            |           | Xi        | R43; R53    | < 0.90 % |

| Additional Information | : | The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- |
|------------------------|---|---|
|                        |   | extract, according to IP346.                            |

| 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION<br>EC Classification | : | Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.   |
|--|---|--|
| Health Hazards                                 | : | Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders |
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| Drint Data 00.40.0040                          |   | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000  |

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| Signs and Symptoms<br>Safety Hazards<br>Environmental Hazards | : | such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful<br>impurities.<br>Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation<br>of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas.<br>Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.<br>Not classified as flammable but will burn.<br>Not classified as dangerous for the environment. |
|---|---|---|
| 4. FIRST AID MEASURES   |   |   |
| General Information   | : | Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal   |
|   |   | conditions.   |
| Inhalation  | : | No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.  |
| Skin Contact  | : | Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water   |
|   |   | and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent   |
|   |   | irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.  |
| Eye Contact   | : | Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent   |
| Ingestion   |   | irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.  |
| Ingestion   | • | In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.  |
| Advice to Physician   |   | Treat symptomatically.  |
|   | • | Tour oymptomation.  |

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

| Specific Hazards                         | : | Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex<br>mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases<br>(smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic<br>compounds. |
|--|---|---|
| Suitable Extinguishing                   | : | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon   |
| Media                                    |   | dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.  |
| Unsuitable Extinguishing                 | : | Do not use water in a jet.  |
| Media                                    |   |   |
| Protective Equipment for<br>Firefighters | : | Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.   |

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

| Protective measures | : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment<br>to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading<br>or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or<br>other appropriate barriers.                            |
|---------------------|---|
| Clean Up Methods    | Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately.<br>Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or<br>other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an<br>absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, |
|                     | 2/9   |

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| Additional Advice       | <ul> <li>sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.</li> <li>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.</li> </ul>  |
|-------------------------|--|
| 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE |  |
| General Precautions     | : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.             |
| Handling                | Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling<br>vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety<br>footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment<br>should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or<br>cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. |
| Storage                 | <ul> <li>Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated<br/>place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Store at<br/>ambient temperature.</li> </ul>  |
| Product Transfer        | <ul> <li>This material has the potential to be a static accumulator.</li> <li>Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used<br/>during all bulk transfer operations.</li> </ul>   |
| Recommended Materials   | <ul> <li>For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high<br/>density polyethylene.</li> </ul>  |
| Unsuitable Materials    | PVC.   |
| Additional Information  | <ul> <li>Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high<br/>temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.</li> </ul>   |

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

| Material          | Source | Туре                      | ppm | mg/m3    | Notation |
|-------------------|--------|---------------------------|-----|----------|----------|
| Oil mist, mineral | ACGIH  | TWA(Inhala ble fraction.) |     | 5 mg/m3  |          |
|                   | SG OEL | TWA(Mist.)                |     | 5 mg/m3  |          |
|                   | SG OEL | STEL(Mist.)               |     | 10 mg/m3 |          |

### Occupational Exposure Limits

#### Biological Exposure Index (BEI) - See reference for full details No biological limit allocated.

| Exposure Controls | <ul> <li>The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary<br/>depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls<br/>based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.</li> <li>Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control<br/>airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or</li> </ul> |
|-------------------|---|
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| Personal Protective<br>Equipment | : | mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne<br>concentrations to be generated.<br>Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet<br>recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Respiratory Protection           | : | No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65°C(149 °F)].  |
| Hand Protection                  | : | Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognise that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time may be acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is |
| Eye Protection                   | : | dependent on the exact composition of the glove material.<br>Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to<br>occur.   |
| Protective Clothing              | : | Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes.  |
| Monitoring Methods               | : | Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing<br>zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to<br>confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure<br>controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also<br>be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods<br>should be applied by a competent person and samples<br>analysed by an accredited laboratory. Examples of sources of<br>4/9  |

|  | recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.   |
|--|--|
| Environmental Exposure<br>Controls         | <ul> <li>National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH),<br/>USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/<br/>Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA:<br/>Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/<br/>Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the<br/>Determination of Hazardous Substances<br/>http://www.hse.gov.uk/</li> <li>Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen<br/>Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany.<br/>http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp<br/>L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France<br/>http://www.inrs.fr/accueil</li> <li>Minimise release to the environment. An environmental<br/>assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local<br/>environmental legislation.</li> </ul> |
| 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL                   | PROPERTIES   |
| Appearance                                 | : Amber. Liquid at room temperature.   |
| Odour                                      | : Slight hydrocarbon.  |
| pH   | : Not applicable.  |
| Initial Boiling Point and<br>Boiling Range | : > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)   |

| Duning Range                                      |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Pour point  | : | Typical -36 °C / -33 °F                                   |
| Flash point                                       | : | Typical 230 °C / 446 °F (COC)                             |
| Upper / lower Flammability<br>or Explosion limits | : | Typical 1 - 10 %(V) (based on mineral oil)                |
| Auto-ignition temperature                         | : | > 320 °C / 608 °F   |
| Vapour pressure                                   |   | < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))            |
| Specific gravity                                  |   | Typical 0.89 at 15 °C / 59 °F                             |
| Density   |   | Typical 888 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F                        |
| Water solubility                                  |   | Negligible.   |
| Solubility in other solvents                      |   | Data not available  |
| n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow)   | : | > 6 (based on information on similar products)            |
| Dynamic viscosity                                 | : | Data not available  |
| Kinematic viscosity                               | : | Typical 109 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F                       |
| Vapour density (air=1)                            |   | > 1 (estimated value(s))                                  |
| Electrical conductivity                           | : | This material is not expected to be a static accumulator. |
| Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)                        | : | Data not available  |
| Decomposition                                     | : | Data not available  |
| Temperature                                       |   |   |
|   |   |   |

| 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY     |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Stability<br>Conditions to Avoid | <ul><li>Stable.</li><li>Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.</li></ul> |  |

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| Materials to Avoid<br>Hazardous<br>Decomposition Products |   | Strong oxidising agents.<br>Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form<br>during normal storage.   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
|   | . TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION<br>Information on Toxicological effects |   |  |
| Basis for Assessment                                      | :   | Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.<br>Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).  |  |
| Acute Oral Toxicity                                       | :   | Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat   |  |
| Acute Dermal Toxicity                                     | :   | Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit  |  |
| Acute Inhalation Toxicity                                 | :   | Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.   |  |
| Skin Irritation   | :   | Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.   |  |
| Eye Irritation  | :   | Expected to be slightly irritating.   |  |
| Respiratory Irritation                                    | :   | Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.  |  |
| Sensitisation   | :   | Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.   |  |
| Repeated Dose Toxicity                                    | :   | Not expected to be a hazard.  |  |
| Mutagenicity  | :   | Not considered a mutagenic hazard.  |  |
| Carcinogenicity   | :   | Not expected to be carcinogenic. Product contains mineral oils<br>of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skin-painting<br>studies. Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as<br>carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on<br>Cancer (IARC). |  |
| Material  | :   | Carcinogenicity Classification  |  |
| Highly refined mineral oil<br>(IP346 <3%)                 | :   | ACGIH Group A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.   |  |
| Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)                    | :   | IARC 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.   |  |
| Highly refined mineral oil<br>(IP346 <3%)                 | :   | GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification  |  |

| Reproductive and<br>Developmental Toxicity | : | Not expected to be a hazard.   |
|--|---|--|
| Additional Information                     | : | Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have<br>accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities<br>will depend on use and they may present risks to health and<br>the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled<br>with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.<br>Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin<br>cancer in animal tests. |

| 12. ECOLOGICAL IN<br>Basis for Asses |            | Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for<br>this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the<br>components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless<br>indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the<br>product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).                                      |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Acute Toxicity                       | :          | Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l. |
| Microorganis<br>Mobility             | sms :<br>: | Data not available<br>Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it<br>will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Floats on<br>water.   |
| Persistence/deg                      |            | Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.   |
| Bioaccumulatio                       | <b>n</b> : | Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.   |
| Other Adverse E                      | Effects :  | Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not<br>expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not<br>expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical<br>ozone creation potential or global warming potential.  |
| 13. DISPOSAL CON<br>Material Dispos  | al :       | Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.                               |
| Container Dispo                      |            | Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to<br>a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the<br>collector or contractor should be established beforehand.<br>Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,<br>national, and local laws and regulations.  |

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

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This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

### IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

### Additional Information : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

| EC Classification<br>EC Symbols<br>EC Risk Phrases<br>EC Safety Phrases   | :: | Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.<br>No Hazard Symbol required<br>Not classified.<br>Not classified. |
|---|----|---|
| Local Regulations<br>Workplace Safety and<br>Health Act & Workplace<br>Safety and Health (General<br>Provision) Regulations               | :  | This product is not subject to the requirement in the Act/Regulations.  |
| Environmental Protection<br>and Management Act and<br>Environmental Protection<br>and Management<br>(Hazardous Substances)<br>Regulations | :  | This product is not subject to the requirement in the Act/Regulations.  |
| Maritime and Port Authority<br>of Singapore (Dangerous<br>Goods, Petroleum and<br>Explosives) Regulations                                 | :  | This product is not subject to the requirement in the Act/Regulations.  |
| Fire Safety Act and Fire<br>Safety (Petroleum &<br>Flammable Materials)<br>Regulations  | :  | This product is not subject to the requirement in the Act/Regulations.  |
| Chemical Inventory Status<br>EINECS   |    | All components  |
|   | •  | listed or polymer<br>exempt.  |
| TSCA  | :  | All components<br>listed.   |
| Sensitiser not sufficient to<br>classify  | :  | Contains calcium long chain alkaryl sulphonate. May produce an allergic reaction.                                 |
| Other Information   | :  | Environmental Protection and Management Act. Workplace Safety and Health Act 2006.                                |

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

R-phrase(s)

| R43May cause senseR51/53Toxic to aquatic<br>environment. |  | ous<br>sens<br>atic | damage to eyes.<br>sitization by skin contact.<br>c organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic<br>p-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.   |
|--|--|---------------------|---|
| SDS Version Number                                       |  |                     | 1.0   |
| SDS Effective Date                                       |  |                     | 21.12.2012  |
| SDS Revisions  |  |                     | A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.  |
| SDS Distribution   |  |                     | The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.  |
| Disclaimer   |  | :                   | This information is based on our current knowledge and is<br>intended to describe the product for the purposes of health,<br>safety and environmental requirements only. It should not<br>therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property<br>of the product. |